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The Solubilization of Macrominerals and Ruminal Degradation of Selected Tropical Tree Legumes

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Abstract

A research to study about macromineral solubilities and biadegradation of some tree legumes by runen microbes has been conducted. The legumes of Pteracarpus indicus (Pl), Sesbania gradifloro (SG), Gliricidia sepium (GS). Callyandra callatyrsus (CC) and Leucoena leucocepholo (LL) were used in this experiment. The oven dried (60°C) ond ground somples of the legumes were measured of their in vitro macrominerals solubilities, biodegradation, bioavoilability, and fermentation products. The mocrominerals (Calcium (Ca), phasphorus (P), magnesium (Mg) and sulfur (S)) solubilities were determined using atomic absarption spectraphatometer (AAS). The gas production was measured using formula $y = a + b(1-e^{ex})$ occording to Ørskov and McDonold (1979). The results showed that biodegradation and cumulative gas productian of selected tree legume were relatively the some. However, the gas production rate of SG and GS were significantly higher. There was no difference on VFA production, but SG produced mare NH₃ than ather tree legumes. Co was more soluble than other macrominerals. The Ca and Mg solubility of LL were significantly higher, while PI was a good saluble P source. GS is a good protein source and can be mixed with aller legume os mineral supplement.

Key Words: tree legume, solubility, macrominerals, degradation,

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