ABSTRACT

JENAL ABIDIN. Strategies in Alleviating Poverty through Agricultural Development in Bogor Regency (Case Study in Pamijahan and Leuwiliang Sub-district). Under direction of RINA OKTAVIANI and FREDIAN TONNY NASDIAN.

Bogor Regency, West Java has a big potential in agriculture resources, which has area 2,301 km2, population approximately about 4.2 million people and 20.4 per cent of population work as farmers. By possessing its big potential, people in Bogor Regency should not live in poverty. In fact the number of people who live under poverty is about 1,1 million or 24.02 per cent from total number of population. Therefore a researches to study the strategy in alleviating poverty through agricultural development in Bogor Regency is absolutely important.

The main objective of this research is to formulate strategies in alleviating poverty by agricultural development in Bogor Regency. The specific purposes in this research are: 1) Identifying the characteristic and the buying power of people in Bogor Regencies; 2) Analyzing the correlation between the rate of poverty and the characteristic of household in Bogor Regencies; 3) Analyzing the potential commodities of agriculture in Bogor Regency for alleviating poverty and 4) Evaluating of Government Policy in alleviating poverty at Bogor Regency.

The method in this research is Quantitative Descriptive Analysis Method for identifying the characteristic and buying power of people who live under poverty and evaluating government policy to alleviate poverty at Bogor Regency, Correlation Analysis Method for analyzing the correlation between the rate of poverty and the characteristic of household in Bogor Regencies and Location Analysis Method (LQ) for analyzing potential commodities of agriculture in Bogor Regency. The method to formulate strategies in alleviating poverty by the agricultural development in Bogor Regencies using SWOT Analysis Method and QSPM Analysis Method.

There are some programe to alleviate poverty which can be implemented in Bogor Regency. They are: 1) Quality Development of human resources for the farmers; 2) Development of potential commodities; 3) Development of infrastructure of agriculture, 4) Making policy and financial system for the farmers; 5) Socialization of poverty alleviation program for the farmers intensively; 6) Economic development of farmer; 7) Increasing the quality of farmer groups, 8) Making a policy and system to build an area contributing for farmers and 9) Increasing collaboration between agriculture and entrepreneurship to the farmers.

Key words: Strategies, Bogor Regency, Poverty, Policy, Agriculture