ABSTRACT

NESYI FEBI OKTARINA PUTRI. Indonesia Food Resources Situation and Its Sufficiency in the Last Three Decades. Under the guidance of DRAJAT MARTIANTO and YAYUK FARIDA BALIWATI.

Food is one of basic need and basic right of every individual in every country. The objective of this study was to learn the trend of food resource in terms of its availability and its sufficiency in Indonesia and its relationship with development of policy and program of food in the last three decades. This is a descriptive study. A set of secondary data be used in the study, and were collected from corresponding institutions. Data was analyzed using trend analysis and content analysis. Policies and programmes for food availability have been developed over 30 years of the period of Repelita III, Repelita IV, Repelita V, Repelita VI, Propenas, and RPJMN 2004-2009. During Repelita III (1979-1983), the goal is to achieve self-sufficiency and Repelita VI, food self-sufficiency achieved in 1984. The trend of food availability per capita in form of energy and protein during the 1981-2010, has exceeded the recommendation of Widya Karya Nasional Pangan dan Gizi (WKNPG) VIII 2004 and sufficiently to meet the people need of food. Energy availability was growing slowly with growth rate of 1.7%, while protein grew 1.5%. Production of some strategic food in Indonesia in the last three decades was fluctuating along with relatively high population growth. Import rate of some strategic food (rice, soybean, wheat flour, beef) considered as high during three last decades.

Keywords: food resource, sufficiency of food, food availability policy, Indonesia