

ABSTRACT

RUSMILYANSARI. Conflict Management Model of Capture Fisheries in South Kalimantan Waters. Under guidance of BUDY WIRYAWAN, JOHN HALUAN and DOMU SIMBOLON.

This study aims to map the problems, develops institutional and creates a model of conflict management. The research was conducted in South Kalimantan through a survey method, that consists of PISCES survey and perception survey. Descriptive analysis was done descriptively using Structural Equation Modeling. The results showed: (1) The problem of conflict in terms of conflict typology that includes conflict jurisdiction, management mechanism and internal allocation. Viewing from the source of conflicts that includes relationship of issues, structural problems, differences in values and interests. (2) Developing institutional role by establishing the institutional facilitator or mediator as not being an ad hoc institution using the alternative of dispute resolution (ADR) in every village, district and provincial levels. Formulation of the agreement obtained through the forum agreement all related institutions (3) Setting up a model for the process of fishing conflict management of that can be done effectively after the causes of conflict and conflict resolution techniques are identified. The model can be contributed as an input to the management of fishing conflict which is supported by the participation of stakeholders, and to change community attitudes towards the achievement of fisheries resources sustainability.

Key words: management, conflict, capture fisheries