

# **Characterization of the Causal of** Sugarcane Streak Disease in Indonesia

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#### **ABSTRACT**

During field survey on 2007 in 59 sugarcane plantations in Java, we found a streak mosaic symptom on sugarcane in almost entire plantations. The incidence was vary, however it predominantly infected sugarcane cultivar PS 864. The virus was transmitted mechanically and cutting-cane borne (sett-borne), however it unable to transmitted by aphid Rophaloshipum mavdis and mealy bug Ceratovacuna lanigera. The virus had a narrow host range limited to the graminae. Among 23 plant species belongs to 8 families, the virus systemically infected Sorghum bicolor, Zea mays and Dactylactonium aegypticum. The virion form was filament flexious size approximately 890 nm and SDS-PAGE of purified virion showed the size of the CP gene is a 40 Kda. RT-PCR using specific primer for SCSMV successfully amplified a DNA size 1.100 bp of the entire CP gene and partially NIb gene. DNA sequencing result of the CP gene confirmed the present of Sugarcane streak mosaic virus (SCSMV) as the causal of streak mosaic disease. It referred as SCSMV-Idn isolate. The CP sequences size 852 bp, and encoded 283 amino acid. Phylogenetic analysis of the CP gene showed that SCSMV-ldn had 92% sequences homology closely to SCSMV Pakistani isolate (Accession No. U75456). This is the first report of the occurrence of SCSMV on sugarcane in Indonesia .

### **BACKGROUND**

- > Sugarcane is an important crop as raw material for sugar production
- Streak mosaic is a new disease on sugarcane in Indonesia. It spread rapidly in entire sugarcane mills in Java Island (59 mills) with the incidence up to 1-62%. Predominanly, it infects superior cultivar PS 864

## **PURPOSE**

To identify the causal of streak mosaic disease on sugarcane

Table 1. Transmission modes of Streak Mosaic Virus

No	Transmission mode	Incidence (%)	Result
1.	Mechanical inoculation		
	a. Healthy	0	
	<ul> <li>b. Cutting knife</li> </ul>	31	
	c. Sein's method	31	
	d. Abrasive pad rubbing	69	
	e. Carborundum	25	
2.	Sett/cutting cane	100	+
3.	Insect		
	a. Rophalosiphum maydis	0	
	b. Ceratovacuna lanigera	0	

Table 3. Sequences identity of SCSMV Idn isolate in compared with other isolates

Isolate	SCSMV ta	SCSMV- Idn	SCSMV ka	SCSMV Pktn	SCSMV AP
SCSMV-ta	ID	0,850	0,989	0,854	0,873
SCSMV-Idn	0,850	ID	0,849	0,921	0,849
SCSMV-ka	0,989	0,849	ID	0,854	0,876
SCSMV-Pktn	0,854		0,854	ID	0,856
SCSMV AP	0,873	0,849	0,876	0,856	ID

#### Table 2. Host Range Test

F	amili/Spesies	Incubation Period (day)	Symptom	Results*
AMARANTI	HACEACE			
	thus spinosus			
CHENOPO				
Chenop	odium amaranticolor			
C. quine				
COMPOSI				
	ım conyzoydes			
CUCURBI				
	s sativus			
GRAMINA		04.00		
Zea ma		21-30 14-21	MM SM	<u> </u>
LEGUMING	m bicolor	14-21	SIVI	*
	hypogea	_	_	
	lus vulgaris			
	nguiculata	_		
SOLANAC				
	rsicon esculentum			
	stramonium			
Physalis	s floridana			
Solanur	n melongena			
Nicotiar	na tabacum			
N. glutir	nosa			
WEED GR				
	n dactilon			
	n rotundus			
	um purpureum			
Digitaria				
	chloa colonum			
Eleucin				
Dactyla	ctonium aegypticum	L		+

L, latent symptom; SM, streak mosaic; MM, mild mosaic.\* detected by RT- PCR

## CONCLUSION

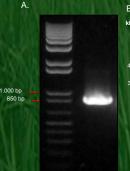
- 1. SCSMV is a new emerging virus on sugarcane in Indonesia. It transmitted mechanically, and sett-borne but not successfully transmitted by maize aphid R. maydis and mealybug C.
- 2. Cutting knife and sett-borne may play role in the spread of SCSMV in the fields.
- 3. Sorghum, maize and weed D. aegypticum can be infected by SCSMV
- 4. The streak mosaic disease is caused by Sugarcane Streak Mosaic Virus. The CP gene consist of 852 bp encoding 283 amino acids. It showed that SCSMV-Idn isolate had 92% homology with SCSMV- Pakistani isolate.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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SCSMV-CP

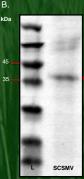




Fig.1. Phenotypic symptom of streak mosaic on Sugarcane clone PS 864

Fig.2. RT PCR of CP gene (A), SDS-PAGE of the SCSMV virion (B) and viral particles (C)